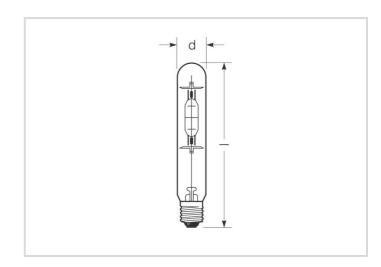
HRI-T 250W/230/B/E40



Product Datasheet Date: 19.10.2025











7500

4 000h

### **General Data**

32416552
HRI-T 250W/230/B/E40
4008597165528
12
4008597465529
2.341
0.259
0.203
0.338
156 g
Active

### **Electric Parameters**

Wattage	270.0 W
Lamp nominal wattage	250 W
Weighted energy consumption in 1000 hours	270 kWh
Lamp voltage	100-110 V
Lamp voltage	105 V

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### **Electric Parameters**

	99914
Mains voltage	230 V
Ignition voltage	4.0 up to 5.0
Lamp's nominal current	3 A
Nominal choke current	3 A
Compensation capacitor for 50Hz operation	32 μF
Running up current max.	190%
Fuse	Daelay-action; min. double nominal current
dimmable	No
Controllable (in suitable circuit)	No

## **Light Application Parameters**

Luminous flux	7500 lm
Rated lamp luminous flux	7500 lm
Efficacy	28 lm/W
Total mains efficacy	26 lm/W
Light colour	blue
Colour temperature	20000 K
Color saturation	66

### **Service Life**

Average life	4000 h
Lamp survival factor at 2000h	0.99
Lamp survival factor at 4000h	0.93
Lamp survival factor at 6000h	0.74

## **Specification**

Energylabel (E -> A++)	В
Diameter	46 mm
Length	226 mm
Total length max.	210 mm
Burning position	p55
Mercury content	20.0 mg
Lamp shape	Tube, single-ended
Model	Clear
Base	E40
Colour	Blue
	·

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### **Notes on Operation**

Burning position p55

#### **Miscellaneous**

EU Directive TIM

#### **Notes**

Compact metal halide lamp with quartz burner, tubular bulb clear, blue light, base E40. Operation in enclosed luminaire, with ballast and ignitor.

Please, refer to www.radium.de/recycling for notes on disposal of burned-out lamps as well as lamp breakage.

The "lifespan L70" described for LED lamps indicates the number of hours when the luminous flux has decreased to 70% of its initial value. The optinal field 'info about service life' contains the frame conditions according to standards based on which the specific service life has been determined. So, for example, "12B50, 50Hz" means that the mean service life (B50) has been determined with a 12h switching cycle at mains (frequency 50Hz), "3B50, HF" is based on a 3h switching cycle at electronic control gear (high frequency).

#### Base



E40 IEC/EN 60061-1 sheet 7004-24-6

#### Spectrum

colour or colour rendering.

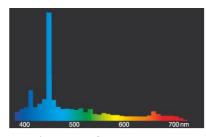
Natural daylight is a mixture of direct sunlight and the light of the sky. Therefore, its spectral composition changes permanently due to the changing time of day. The standardised light classification D65 corresponds to a daylight with a colour temperature of approximately 6500 K. Every discharge lamp type has got an individual spectral power distribution according to its chemical filling. From this result important properties light

Should the spectral lines be very close together the lamp presumably has got a very good colour rendering index, so, Ra might be near 100. Does the spectrum rather look like single lines or frayed out the colour rendering of the lamp will probably be not as good.

If number and height of the spectral lines within the blue range (around 400 nm) prevails it might be a lamp with a rather cold light colour like for example daylight. On the other hand, should the red (around 700 nm) or the red and yellow (around 600 nm) range be dominant one can assume that the lamp will be a rather warm light colour like WDL.

After the lamp start a metal hlide lamp needs about 2-4 minutes time to reach its full luminous flux, all colours in the spectrum are within the discharge arc then.

Visible region from 380 to 780 nm; height of graph corresponding with relative spectral emission (400mW/klm) per 10nm.



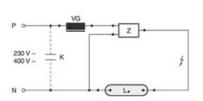
HRI.../blue, AquaStar



#### Circuit diagram(s)

HRI-T 250W/230/B/E40





Standard circuit HID with external ignitor

Key:

L. = lamp

VG = electromagnetic ballast (KVG/VVG)

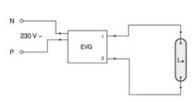
P = phase

N = zero potential

K = p. f. correction capacitor

Z = ignitor

The required control gear (here ignitor and ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



**ECG-operation** 

Key:

L. = lamp

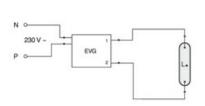
EVG = electronic ballast

P = phase

N = zero potential

The required control gear (here electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified

and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



**ECG-operation** 

Key:

L. = lamp

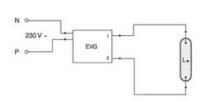
EVG = electronic ballast

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The required control gear (here electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified

and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



ECG-operation

Key:

L. = lamp

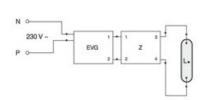
EVG = electronic ballast

P = phase

N = zero potential

The required control gear (here electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified

and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



ECG-operation with additional ignitor

Key:

L. = lamp

EVG = electronic ballast

P = phase

N = zero potential

Z = ianitor

The required control gear (here ignitor and electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.

#### Special features





#### General notes

The technical design data in accordance with DIN and IEC. The producer does not take any responsibility for damage to persons or property in case of unsuitable operation or handling of the product. Operating data and dimensions are valid within the usual tolerances. Related lamp types (different

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bases, mains voltages) may be available on request. Sale and delivery are effected in accordance with the Radium Terms of Delivery and Payment valid on the day of conclusion of contract. Packing units offer economical advantages to the purchase and logistic department. Please match your quantity volume accordingly. For orders of a minimum quantity (clefts) with a lamp model the amount lower than the volume of each packaging unit, we will invoice 10 % additional charge per lamp type. Technical changes and terms of delivery are reserved. Manipulation of any kind to packaging or product is not permissible as this will violate Radium brand rights. Furthermore, technical properties of the product can change to its disadvantage or even destruction. Therefore, Radium cannot be responsible for consequential damages.

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All technical data without guarantee.