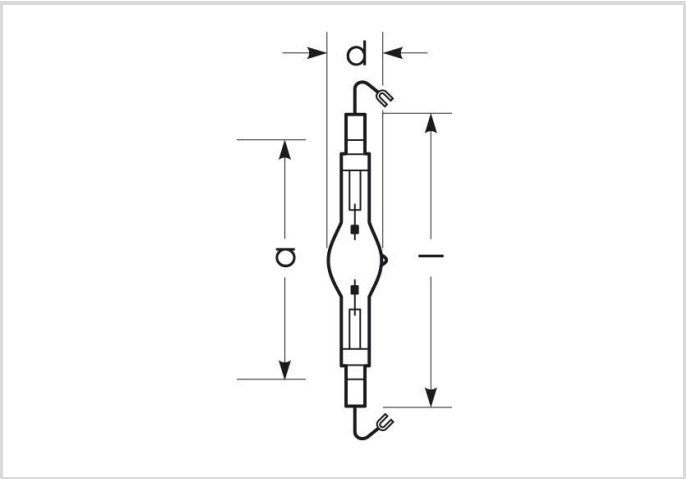
Metal halide lamp with quartz burner
HRI-TS 2000W/D/S/HF/400/K12S

Radium

Product Datasheet Date: 30.10.2026





A+	230000	6200K	4 500h

General Data

Article No.	32416491
Codice	HRI-TS 2000W/D/S/HF/400/K12S
Product EAN	4008597164910
Box quantitiy (pcs.)	10
EAN Box	4008597464911
Gross weight of box in kg	1.427
Length of box in m	0.386
Width of box in m	0.163
Height of box in m	0.258
Product weight	61 g
Product status	Attivo

Electric Parameters

Wattage	2060.0 W
Lamp nominal wattage	2000 W
Lamp voltage	220-230 V
Mains voltage	400 V
Ignition voltage	4.0 up to 5.0

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Electric Parameters

Hot restrike voltage	36 kV
Lamp's nominal current	12.2 A
Nominal choke current	12.2 A
Compensation capacitor for 50Hz operation	70 µF
Running up current max.	190%
Fuse	Daelay-action; min. double nominal current
dimmable	No
Controllable (in suitable circuit)	No

Light Application Parameters

Luminous flux	230000 lm
Rated lamp luminous flux	230000 lm
Efficacy / Luminous efficiency	112 lm/W
Total mains efficacy	103 lm/W
Light colour	daylight
Colour temperature	6200 K
Color rendering index	83
Rated colour rendering index Ra	83
Lumen maintenance at 2000h	0.96
Lumen maintenance at 4000h	0.92

Service Life

Average life	4500 h
B5 - Service life 5% failures	1800 h
Lamp survival factor at 2000h	0.94
Lamp survival factor at 4000h	0.61

Specification

Energylabel notice	no Label needed (> 82.000 lm)
Energylabel (E -> A++)	A+
Diameter	36 mm
Length	187 mm
Total length max.	187 mm
Dimension b max.	41 mm
Burning position	p15
Mercury content	180.0 mg

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Specification

Lamp shape	Tube, double-ended
Model	Clear
Base	K12s-36
Colour	White

Notes on Operation

Burning position	p15

Information especially for EPREL

Energylabel notice	no Label needed (> 82.000 lm)
Lighting technology	MH

Miscellaneous

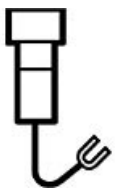
Similar products	32418615, 32416580

Notes

Metal halide short arc lamp clear, daylight, high luminous flux, base K12s. Operation in enclosed luminaire and with ECG (no flicker).

Please, refer to www.radium.de/recycling for notes on disposal of burned-out lamps as well as lamp breakage.
The "lifespan L70" described for LED lamps indicates the number of hours when the luminous flux has decreased to 70% of its initial value.
The optinal field 'info about service life' contains the frame conditions according to standards based on which the specific service life has been determined. So, for example, "12B50, 50Hz" means that the mean service life (B50) has been determined with a 12h switching cycle at mains (frequency 50Hz), "3B50, HF" is based on a 3h switching cycle at electronic control gear (high frequency).

Base

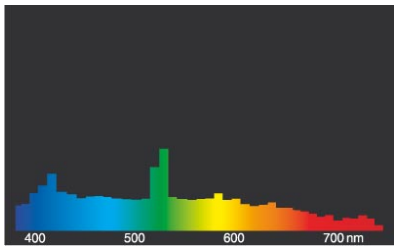


K12s-36
IEC/EN 60061-1
Sheet 7004-168-1

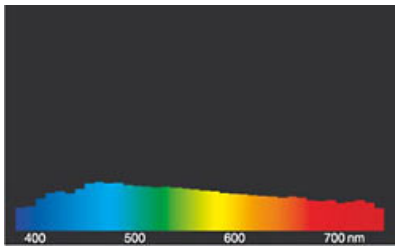
Spectrum

Natural daylight is a mixture of direct sunlight and the light of the sky. Therefore, its spectral composition changes permanently due to the changing time of day. The standardised light classification D65 corresponds to a daylight with a colour temperature of approximately 6500 K.
Every discharge lamp type has got an individual spectral power distribution according to its chemical filling. From this result important properties light colour or colour rendering.
Should the spectral lines be very close together the lamp presumably has got a very good colour rendering index, so, Ra might be near 100. Does the spectrum rather look like single lines or frayed out the colour rendering of the lamp will probably be not as good.
If number and height of the spectral lines within the blue range (around 400 nm) prevails it might be a lamp with a rather cold light colour like for example daylight. On the other hand, should the red (around 700 nm) or the red and yellow (around 600 nm) range be dominant one can assume that the lamp will be a rather warm light colour like WDL.
After the lamp start a metal hlide lamp needs about 2-4 minutes time to reach its full luminous flux, all colours in the spectrum are within the discharge arc then.
Visible region from 380 to 780 nm; height of graph corresponding with relative spectral emission (400mW/klm) per 10nm.

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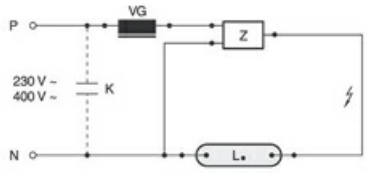


HRI.../D



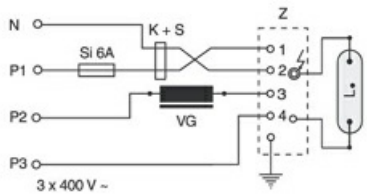
daylight(D 65)

Circuit diagram(s)



Standard circuit HID with external ignitor
Key:
L. = lamp
VG = electromagnetic ballast (KVG/VVG)
P = phase
N = zero potential
K = p. f. correction capacitor
Z = ignitor

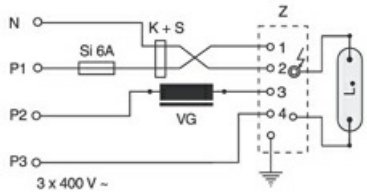
The required control gear (here ignitor and ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



Circuit for 400V-HID-lamps suitable for hot restrike
Key:
L. = lamp
VG = electromagnetic ballast (KVG/VVG)
P = phase
N = zero potential
K = p. f. correction capacitor
Z = ignitor

S = fuse

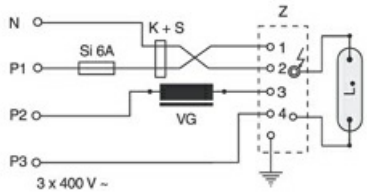
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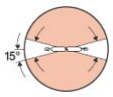
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Special features








General notes

The technical design data in accordance with DIN and IEC. The producer does not take any responsibility for damage to persons or property in case of unsuitable operation or handling of the product. Operating data and dimensions are valid within the usual tolerances. Related lamp types (different bases, mains voltages) may be available on request. Sale and delivery are effected in accordance with the Radium Terms of Delivery and Payment valid on the day of conclusion of contract. Packing units offer economical advantages to the purchase and logistic department. Please match your quantity volume accordingly. For orders of a minimum quantity (clefts) with a lamp model the amount lower than the volume of each packaging unit, we will invoice 10 % additional charge per lamp type. Technical changes and terms of delivery are reserved. Manipulation of any kind to packaging or product is not permissible as this will violate Radium brand rights. Furthermore, technical properties of the product can change to its disadvantage or even destruction. Therefore, Radium cannot be responsible for consequential damages.
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All technical data without guarantee.