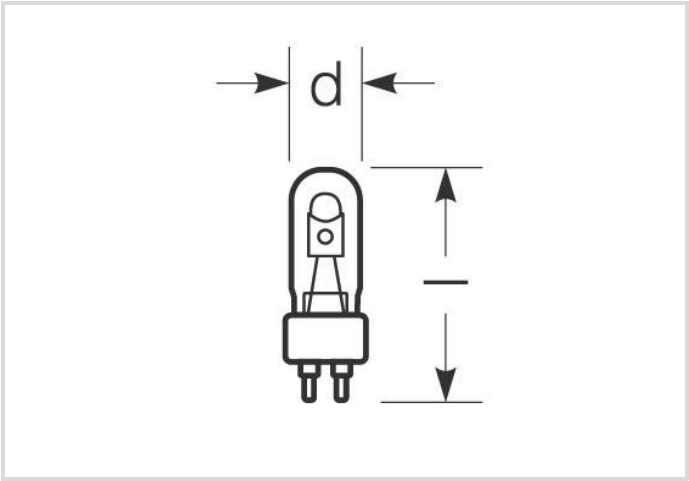
Metal halide lamp with quartz burner
HRI-T 70W/NDL/230/G12

Radium

Product Datasheet Date: 13.09.2025



A	G	5800	4200K	9 000h

General Data

Article No.	32418898
Code	HRI-T 70W/NDL/230/G12
Product EAN	4008597188985
Box quantitiy (pcs.)	12
EAN Box	4008597488986
Gross weight of box in kg	0.537
Length of box in m	0.176
Width of box in m	0.14
Height of box in m	0.128
Product weight	30 g
Product status	Inactive

Electric Parameters

Wattage	73.0 W
Lamp nominal wattage	70 W
Mains voltage	230 V
Ignition voltage	4.0 up to 5.0
Lamp's nominal current	1 A

Metal halide lamp with quartz burner
HRI-T 70W/NDL/230/G12

Radium

Electric Parameters

Nominal choke current	1 A
Compensation capacitor for 50Hz operation	12 µF
dimmable	No

Light Application Parameters

Luminous flux	5800 lm
Rated lamp luminous flux	5800 lm
Efficacy	79.45 lm/W
Total mains efficacy	80 lm/W
Light colour	Neutral white de luxe
Colour temperature	4200 K
Color rendering index	80
Lumen maintenance at 2000h	0.80
Lumen maintenance at 4000h	0.74
Lumen maintenance at 6000h	0.68
Lumen maintenance at 8000h	0.60

Service Life

Average life	9000 h
Lamp survival factor at 2000h	0.87
Lamp survival factor at 4000h	0.85
Lamp survival factor at 6000h	0.80
Lamp survival factor at 8000h	0.60

Specification

Energylabel (G -> A)	G
Energylabel (E -> A++)	A
Diameter	25 mm
Length max.	84 mm
Total length max.	84 mm
Burning position	h180
Mercury content	14.7 mg
Lamp shape	Tube, single-ended
Model	Clear
Base	G12
Colour	White

Metal halide lamp with quartz burner
HRI-T 70W/NDL/230/G12

Radium

Notes on Operation

Burning position	h180

Information especially for EPREL

EPREL ID number	868921

Miscellaneous

EU Directive	TIM
Similar products	32418899, 32419642

Notes

Compact MH lamp with quartz burner, tubular bulb clear, light colour NDL, base G12. Operation in enclosed luminaire, with ballast and ignitor.

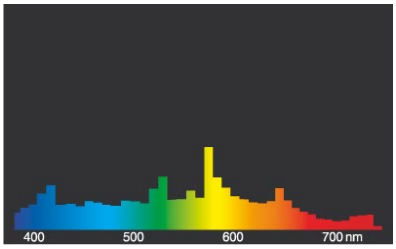
Please, refer to www.radium.de/recycling for notes on disposal of burned-out lamps as well as lamp breakage.
The "lifespan L70" described for LED lamps indicates the number of hours when the luminous flux has decreased to 70% of its initial value.
The optinal field 'info about service life' contains the frame conditions according to standards based on which the specific service life has been determined. So, for example, "12B50, 50Hz" means that the mean service life (B50) has been determined with a 12h switching cycle at mains (frequency 50Hz), "3B50, HF" is based on a 3h switching cycle at electronic control gear (high frequency).

Base

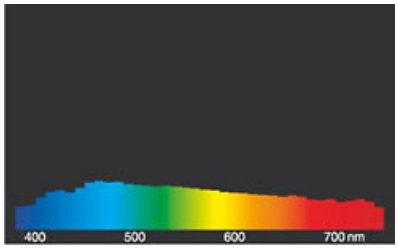
G12
IEC/EN 60061-1
sheet 7004-63-2

Spectrum

Natural daylight is a mixture of direct sunlight and the light of the sky. Therefore, its spectral composition changes permanently due to the changing time of day. The standardised light classification D65 corresponds to a daylight with a colour temperature of approximately 6500 K.
Every discharge lamp type has got an individual spectral power distribution according to its chemical filling. From this result important properties light colour or colour rendering.
Should the spectral lines be very close together the lamp presumably has got a very good colour rendering index, so, Ra might be near 100. Does the spectrum rather look like single lines or frayed out the colour rendering of the lamp will probably be not as good.
If number and height of the spectral lines within the blue range (around 400 nm) prevails it might be a lamp with a rather cold light colour like for example daylight. On the other hand, should the red (around 700 nm) or the red and yellow (around 600 nm) range be dominant one can assume that the lamp will be a rather warm light colour like WDL.
After the lamp start a metal hlide lamp needs about 2-4 minutes time to reach its full luminous flux, all colours in the spectrum are within the discharge arc then.
Visible region from 380 to 780 nm; height of graph corresponding with relative spectral emission (400mW/klm) per 10nm.



HRI.../NDL

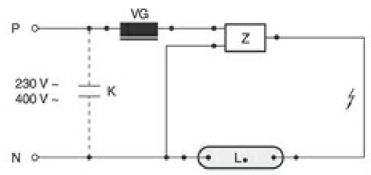


daylight(D 65)

Metal halide lamp with quartz burner
HRI-T 70W/NDL/230/G12

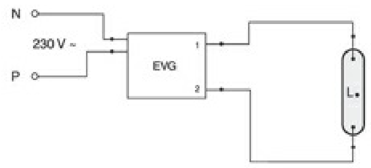
Radium

Circuit diagram(s)



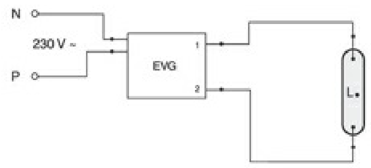
Standard circuit HID with external ignitor
Key:
L. = lamp
VG = electromagnetic ballast (KVG/VVG)
P = phase
N = zero potential
K = p. f. correction capacitor
Z = ignitor

The required control gear (here ignitor and ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



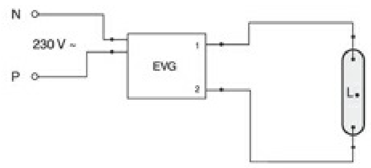
ECG-operation
Key:
L. = lamp
EVG = electronic ballast
P = phase
N = zero potential

The required control gear (here electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



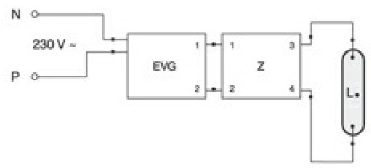
ECG-operation
Key:
L. = lamp
EVG = electronic ballast
P = phase
N = zero potential

The required control gear (here electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



ECG-operation
Key:
L. = lamp
EVG = electronic ballast
P = phase
N = zero potential

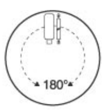
The required control gear (here electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.



ECG-operation with additional ignitor
Key:
L. = lamp
EVG = electronic ballast
P = phase
N = zero potential
Z = ignitor

The required control gear (here ignitor and electronic ballast) for the lamps operation is usually mounted in the suitable luminaire in an appropriate electric circuit. Changes of any kind are to be conducted by qualified and specialised staff, only. Thus, this circuit example is to be understood merely as a technical background information for interested users.

Special features



General notes

Metal halide lamp with quartz burner

HRI-T 70W/NDL/230/G12

Radium

The technical design data in accordance with DIN and IEC. The producer does not take any responsibility for damage to persons or property in case of unsuitable operation or handling of the product. Operating data and dimensions are valid within the usual tolerances. Related lamp types (different bases, mains voltages) may be available on request. Sale and delivery are effected in accordance with the Radium Terms of Delivery and Payment valid on the day of conclusion of contract. Packing units offer economical advantages to the purchase and logistic department. Please match your quantity volume accordingly. For orders of a minimum quantity (clefts) with a lamp model the amount lower than the volume of each packaging unit, we will invoice 10 % additional charge per lamp type. Technical changes and terms of delivery are reserved. Manipulation of any kind to packaging or product is not permissible as this will violate Radium brand rights. Furthermore, technical properties of the product can change to its disadvantage or even destruction. Therefore, Radium cannot be responsible for consequential damages.
® = Registered trademark
Subject to change without notice. Errors and omissions excepted.

All technical data without guarantee.